DrakX ile kurulum

Mageia Resmi Belgeleri



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Gönüllüler tarafından boş zamanlarında yazılmıştır. Bu el kitabının geliştirilmesine yardımcı olmak istiyorsanız lütfen <u>Belgelendirme Ekibi</u> [https://wiki.mageia.org/en/Documentation_team] ile irtibat kurun.

DrakX ile kurulum

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DrakX ile kurulum



Bu el kitabındaki kurulum aracı ekranlarının tümünü hiç kimse görmeyecektir. Göreceğiniz ekranlar donanımınıza ve kurulum sırasındaki seçimlerinize bağlıdır.

1. ISO'ları seçin ve kullanın

1.1. Giriş

Mageia is distributed via ISO images. This page will help you to choose which image best suits your needs.

There are three types of installation media:

- **Classical installer:** Booting with this media provides you with the maximum flexibility when choosing what to install, and for configuring your system. In particular, you have a choice of which Desktop environment to install.
- **LIVE media:** This option allows you to try out Mageia without having to actually install it, or make any changes to your computer. However, the Live media also includes an Installer, which can be started when booting the media, or after booting into the Live operating system itself.



The Live Installer is simpler compared to the Classical Installer - but you have fewer configuration options.



Live ISOs can only be used to create "clean" installations, they cannot be used to upgrade previously installed Mageia releases.

• Net Install: These are minimal ISO's containing no more than that which is needed to start the DrakX installer and find DrakX-installer-stage2 and other packages that are needed to continue and complete the install. These packages may be on the PC hard disk, on a local drive, on a local network or on the Internet.

These media are very light (less than 100 MB) and are convenient if bandwidth is too low to download a full DVD, or if you have a PC without a DVD drive or is unable to boot from a USB stick.

More details are given in the next sections.

1.2. Ortam

1.2.1. Açıklama

Here, a medium (plural: media) is an ISO image file that allows you to install and/or update Mageia and, by extension, any physical medium (DVD, USB stick, ...) the ISO file is copied to.

You can find Mageia ISO's <u>here</u> [http://www.mageia.org/en/downloads/].

1.2.2. Klasik kurulum ortamı

1.2.2.1. Ortak özellikler

- These ISOs use the Classical installer called DrakX
- They are used for performing clean installs or to upgrade a previously installed version of Mageia
- Different media for 32 and 64-bit architectures
- Some tools are available in the Installer "Welcome" screen: Rescue System, Memory Test, and Hardware Detection Tool
- Each DVD contains many available desktop environments and languages
- You'll be given the choice during the installation to add non-free software

1.2.3. Canlı Ortam

1.2.3.1. Ortak özellikler

- Can be used to preview the Mageia operating system without having to install it
- The Live media also includes an Installer.
- Each ISO contains only one desktop environment (Plasma, GNOME or Xfce)
- Different media for 32 and 64-bit architectures
- They contain non-free software

1.2.3.2. Canlı DVD Plasma

- Plasma desktop environment only
- All available languages are present
- 64-bit architecture only

1.2.3.3. Canlı DVD GNOME

- GNOME desktop environment only
- All available languages are present
- 64-bit architecture only

1.2.3.4. Canlı DVD Xfce

- Xfce desktop environment only
- All available languages are present
- 32 or 64-bit architectures

1.2.4. Net install media

- 1.2.4.1. Ortak özellikler
 - Different media for 32 and 64-bit architectures

• First steps are English language only

1.2.4.2. netinstall.iso

• Contains only free software, for those who prefer to not use non-free software

1.2.4.3. netinstall-nonfree.iso

• Contains non-free software (mostly drivers, codecs...) for those who need it

1.3. Ortamları indirme ve kontrol etme

1.3.1. İndirme

Once you have chosen your ISO file, you can download it using either http or BitTorrent. In both cases, you are provided with some information, such as the mirror in use and an option to switch to an alternative if the bandwidth is too low.

If http is chosen you will also see some information regarding checksums.

md5sum, sha1sum and sha512sum (the most secure) are tools to check the ISO integrity. Copy one of the checksums (string of alphanumeric characters) for use in the next section.

Ö mageia	Hakkında	İndirmeler	Destek	Wiki	Belgeler	Topluluk	Katılın	Bağış	Siz	İletişim		Τα	rkçe	~
Mageia 4.1 64	<i>bit DVD</i> i	ndirin												
	Mageia 4 tiklayn. Bu ftp.linu Indirme işl \$ md5s c.e996 \$ sha 3a257 Imzalar eş IP adresin	1 64bit DVD indim x.org.tr indime ya leminiz tamamlanu sum Magei a - 4 . 3000ec 63356e3 sum Magei a - 4 7748f11ab725 yleşmiyorsa bu ISG iz: 78.173.138.21	neniz bir kaç ansısı Ankara ır tamamlanm 1 - x86 64- C 27dc f d 02b 6 .1 - x86 64- e f f 98b 7d 51 O kalıbını kull . Bölgeniz: TF	saniye içinc , Türkiye (Tf naz imazalar VD.iso 60c68bd2 anmayın. Bi R, EU.	le başlayacak R) üzerinde ye ın eşleşip eşle aa65 r kez daha de	tır (indirme boy r almaktadır. B eşmediğini den netleyin ve yer	rutu yaklaşık u yansı size etleyin: niden indirin.	olarak 3.5 C	58). İndirme	ə işlemi başlan ğer yansıları ku	nadiysa, buraya ullanın.			
	Takip (et: @mageia oro	g {3,082 taki	pçi		8+1 { 1.66	Mageia'nın yansılarımı fazlası say Yardımcı o	bütün dünya ız ayrıca barı resinde müm Imak istiyor	ada dağıtım ındırma, do akün kılınm musunuz?	ı ve üretimi tün nanım, para ba aktadır. Bize katılın!	n kişi, kuruluşlar, bizir ğışlayanlar ve daha	m		

In the meantime, a window to download the actual ISO will open:

ی 🕑	Mageia-4.1-x86_64-DVD.iso açılıyor 🛛 😒 🖄
Şunu açmay	yı seçtiniz:
🕞 Magei	a-4.1-x86_64-DVD.iso
türü: ra nerede	aw CD image (3,5 GB) n: ftp://ftp.linux.org.tr
Firefox bu	dosya ile ne yapsın?
🔵 Birli	kte <u>a</u> ç 🛛 K3b (varsayılan) 🗸 🗸 🗸
💽 Sab	it <u>d</u> iske kaydet
<u>B</u> u t	tür dosyalar indirilirken hep bu işlemi gerçekleştir.
	🕜 Vazgeç 🛛 🖋 Tamam

Click on Save File, then click OK.

1.3.2. İndirilen ortamın bütünlüğünü kontrol etme

The checksums referred to earlier, are digital fingerprints generated by an algorithm from the file to be downloaded. You may compare the checksum of your downloaded ISO against that of the original source ISO. If the checksums do not match, it means that the actual data on the ISO's do not match, and if that is the case, then you should retry the download or attempt a repair using BitTorrent.

To generate the checksum for your downloaded ISO, open a console, (no need to be root), and:

- To use the md5sum, type: md5sum path/to/the/image/file.iso
- To use the sha1sum, type: sha1sum path/to/the/image/file.iso
- To use the sha512sum, type: sha512sum path/to/the/image/file.iso

Example:



then compare the result (you may have to wait for a while) with the ISO checksum provided by Mageia.

1.4. ISO yakma veya atma

The verified ISO can now be burned to a CD/DVD or "dumped" to a USB stick. This is not a standard copy operation, as a bootable medium will actually be created.

1.4.1. Bir CD/DVD üzerine ISO yakma

Whichever software you use, ensure that the option to burn an image is used. Burn data or files is NOT correct. See the <u>the Mageia wiki</u> [https://wiki.mageia.org/en/Writin-g_CD_and_DVD_images] for more information.

1.4.2. Bir USB bellek üzerine ISO atmak

All Mageia ISOs are hybrids, which means you can dump them to a USB stick and then use that to boot and install the system.



Dumping an image onto a flash device destroys any previous file-system on the device and all existing data will be lost.



Also, the only partition on the flash device will then just be the Mageia ISO partition.

So, if an ISO of about 4GB is written to an 8GB USB stick, the stick will then only show up as 4GB. This is because the remaining 4GB is no longer formatted - hence not currently available for use. To recover the original capacity, you must reformat and repartition the USB stick.

1.4.2.1. Mageia üzerinde bir grafiksel araç kullanarak

<u>IsoDumper</u> [https://wiki.mageia.org/en/IsoDumper_Writing_ISO_images_on_USB_sticks] gibi grafiksel bir araç kullanabilirsiniz.

1.4.2.2. Windows üzerinde bir grafiksel araç kullanarak

Deneyebilecekleriniz:

- <u>Rufus</u> [http://rufus.akeo.ie/?locale=en_US] using the "ISO image" option
- <u>Win32 Disk Imager</u> [http://sourceforge.net/projects/win32diskimager]

1.4.2.3. Using the Command line within a GNU/Linux system



It is potentially *dangerous* to do this by hand. You risk overwriting potentially valuable existing data if you specify the wrong target device.

- 1. Konsolu açın
- 2. Become a root (Administrator) user with the command su (don't forget the)



- 3. Plug in your USB stick but do not mount it (this also means do not open any application or file manager that could access or read it)
- 4. Enter the command fdisk -I

```
[root@localhost ~]# fdisk -l
Disk /dev/sda: 298.1 GiB, 320072933376 bytes, 625142448 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 4096 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 4096 bytes / 4096 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: 0x000db4bf
Partition 3 does not start on physical sector boundary.
Device
                                                 Id System
           Boot
                     Start
                                  End
                                         Blocks
                      2048
/dev/sdal
                            21256191
                                       10627072
                                                 83 Linux
/dev/sda2
                 21256192
                            63528959 21136384 83 Linux
                 63530964 625137344 280803190+ 5 Extended
/dev/sda3
                 63531008
                           84873215
                                      10671104 83 Linux
/dev/sda5
                 84875264 127016959 21070848 83 Linux
′dev/sda6
                                       4483072 82 Linux swap / Solaris
′dev/sda7
                127019008 135985151
                135987200 198598655 31305728
                                                 83 Linux
′dev/sda8
′dev/sda9
                198600704 471588863 136494080
                                                 83 Linux
                471590912 496777994 12593541+ 83 Linux
/dev/sda10
                496781312 504955079
                                                 82 Linux swap / Solaris
/dev/sdall
                                       4086884
                504958976 625137344
                                      60089184+ 83 Linux
/dev/sda12
Disk /dev/sdb: 7.5 GiB, 8011087872 bytes, 15646656 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: dos
Disk identifier: 0x15005631
Device
          Boot Start
                            End Blocks Id System
                        7598079 3799039+ 17 Hidden HPFS/NTFS
/dev/sdb1 *
[root@localhost ~]#
```

5. Find the device name for your USB stick (by its size), for example /dev/sdb in the screenshot above, is an 8GB USB stick.

Alternatively, you can find the device name with the command **dmesg**. Towards the end of the following example, you can see the device name starting with sd, and in this case, sdd is the actual device. You can also see that its size is 2GB:

```
[72594.604531] usb 1-1: new high-speed USB device number 27 using
xhci hcd
[72594.770528] usb 1-1: New USB device found, idVendor=8564,
idProduct=1000
[72594.770533] usb 1-1: New USB device strings: Mfr=1, Product=2,
SerialNumber=3
[72594.770536] usb 1-1: Product: Mass Storage Device
[72594.770537] usb 1-1: Manufacturer: JetFlash
[72594.770539] usb 1-1: SerialNumber: 18MJTWLMPUCC3SSB
[72594.770713] usb 1-1: ep 0x81 - rounding interval to 128 microframes,
ep desc says 255 microframes
[72594.770719] usb 1-1: ep 0x2 - rounding interval to 128 microframes,
ep desc says 255 microframes
[72594.771122] usb-storage 1-1:1.0: USB Mass Storage device detected
[72594.772447] scsi host8: usb-storage 1-1:1.0
[72595.963238] scsi 8:0:0:0: Direct-Access
                                               JetFlash Transcend 2GB
1100 PQ: 0 ANSI: 4
[72595.963626] sd 8:0:0:0: [sdd] 4194304 512-byte logical blocks: (2.14
 GB/2.00 GiB)
[72595.964104] sd 8:0:0:0: [sdd] Write Protect is off
[72595.964108] sd 8:0:0:0: [sdd] Mode Sense: 43 00 00 00
[72595.965025] sd 8:0:0:0: [sdd] No Caching mode page found
[72595.965031] sd 8:0:0:0: [sdd] Assuming drive cache: write through
[72595.967251] sdd: sdd1
[72595.969446] sd 8:0:0:0: [sdd] Attached SCSI removable disk
```

6. Enter the command: dd if=path/to/the/ISO/file of=/dev/sdX bs=1M

Where X=your device name eg: /dev/sdd

```
Example: dd if=/home/user/Downloads/Mageia-6-x86_64-DVD.iso of=/dev/
sdd bs=1M
```



It might be helpful to know that **if** stands for **i**nput **f**ile and **of** stands for **o**utput **f**ile

- 7. Enter the command: **sync**
- 8. This is the end of the process, and you may now unplug your USB stick.

2. DrakX, Mageia Kurulum Aracı

İster GNU/Linux ile yeni tanışan isterse deneyimli bir kullanıcı olun, Mageia kurulum aracı kurulumu veya yükseltmeyi mümkün olan en kolay şekilde yapmanıza yardımcı olmak için tasarlanmıştır.

2.1. Kurulum adımları

• The install process is divided into a number of steps - the status of which is indicated in a panel to the left of the screen.

- Each step has one or more screens, which may also have Advanced sections with extra, less commonly required options.
- Most screens have Help buttons for further details about the particular step.



If at some point during the install you decide to abort the installation, it is possible to reboot, but please think twice before you do this. Once a partition has been formatted or updates have started to be installed, your computer is no longer in the same state and rebooting it could very well leave you with an unusable system.

If, in spite of this, you are very sure rebooting is what you want, go to a text terminal by pressing the keys **Ctrl+Alt+F2** together. After that, press **Ctrl+Alt+Delete** together to reboot.

2.2. Kurulum Karşılama Ekranı

The particular screen that you will first see when booting from the Installation media will depend on whether your computer motherboard is of the Legacy (BIOS) or UEFI type.

The welcome menu screen has various options, however the default option will start the installer, and is normally all that you will need.

2.2.1. Legacy (BIOS) Systems

Install Mageia		
Rescue System		
Memory Test		
F2: Language ()		
Select an item with the arrou Press 'c' for command line, 'e	u keys and press Enter to boot.	
		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
		ന്നററലം

• Install Mageia

Install Mageia to a hard disk. This is the default option, and will automatically start after a short while unless another option is selected.

Rescue System

This option allows you to either re-install the bootloader for an existing Mageia installation or you can use it to restore a Windows bootloader.

Memory Test

Test the installed RAM by performing multiple read and write operations. Reboot to end the test.

• F2: Language

Press F2 for alternative languages.

2.2.2. UEFI Systems

From this screen, you can access options by pressing **e** to enter the edit mode. To come back to this screen, press **Esc** to quit without saving or press **F10** to save and quit.

	Mageia 7 (64–bit E	(FI)
Install Mageia		
Rescue System		
F2: Language (]		
Select an item with the arrow Press 'c' for command line, 'e'	keys and press Enter to boot. to edit.	
		Ömageia

Menu

- Install: Start the Install process
- **Rescue:** This option allows you to either re-install the bootloader for an existing Mageia installation or you can use it to restore a Windows bootloader.
- F2: Language: Press F2 for alternative languages.

If you booted from a USB stick, you will see the above options duplicated, and in this case, you should use the set that will be suffixed with "USB".

2.3. Kurulum Sorunları ve Muhtemel Çözümleri

2.3.1. Grafiksel Arabirim Yok

- After the initial screen you did not progress to the Language Selection screen. This can happen with some graphic cards and older systems. Try using low resolution by typing **vgalo** at the prompt.
- If the hardware is very old, a graphical installation may not be possible. In this case it is worth trying a text-mode installation. To use this press **Esc** at the Welcome screen and confirm with **ENTER**. You will be presented with a black screen with a boot: prompt. Type **text** and press **ENTER** to continue with the installation in text mode.

2.3.2. Kurulum Donuyor

If the system appeared to freeze during the installation, this may be a problem with hardware detection. In this case the automatic hardware detection may be bypassed and dealt with later. To try this, type **noauto** at the prompt. This option may also be combined with other parameters as necessary.

2.3.3. RAM sorunu

This will rarely be needed, but in some cases the hardware may report the available RAM incorrectly. To specify this manually, you can use the mem=xxxM parameter, where xxx is the correct amount of RAM. e.g. mem=256M would specify 256MB of RAM.

2.3.4. Dinamik bölümler

If you converted your hard disk from Basic format to Dynamic format in Microsoft Windows, then it is not possible to install Mageia on this disc. To revert to a Basic disk, see the Microsoft documentation: <u>http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc776315.aspx</u>.

3. Lütfen kullanacağınız dili seçiniz

- Select your preferred language, by first expanding the list for your continent. Mageia will use this selection during the installation and for your installed system.
- If it is likely that you (or others) will require several languages to be installed on your system, then you should use the Multiple languages option to add them now. It will be difficult to add extra language support after installation.

Ömageia	PLEASE CHOOSE A LANGL	JAGE TO USE	
INSTALLATION Language = License = Partitioning = Installing = CONFIGURATION Users = Summary = Updates = Exit =	 America Help 	Sardu Shqip Slovenčina Slovenščina Srpska Српска Suomi Svenska Türkçe Українська Walon Avañe'ě	Next



Even if you choose more than one language, you must first choose one as your preferred language from the main list of languages. It will also be marked as chosen in the Multiple languages screen.

- If your keyboard language is not the same as your preferred language, then it is advisable to install the required language for your keyboard as well
- Mageia uses UTF-8 (Unicode) support by default. This may be disabled in the Multiple languages screen if you know that it is inappropriate for your language. Disabling UTF-8 applies to all installed languages.
- You can change the language for your system post-installation in the Mageia Control Center → System → localization for your system.

4. Lisans ve Sürüm Notları

ന്നാവം പ്ര	
Orridgeid	LISANS SÖZLEŞMESI
KURULUM Dil ● Lisans ● Bölümlendirme ● Kuruluyor ● YAPILANDIRMA Kullanıcılar ● Özet ● Güncellemeler ● Cıkıs ●	UYARI: Bu lisans belgesinin çevirisi gayriresmi nitelikte olup hukuki bir belge olarak kullanılamaz. Giriş İşletim sistemi ve Mageia Linux dağıtımında bulunan farklı bileşenler buradan itibaren "Yazılım Ürünleri" olarak adlandırılacaktır. Yazılım Ürünleri işletim sistemiyle ilgili program kümeleri, yöntemleri, kuralları ve belgeleri, Mageia Linux'un farklı bileşenlerini ve Mageia' nın lisans sağlayıcıları ve destekleyicileri tarafından dağıtılan uygulamaları içermektedir, fakat bunlarla sınırlandırılmamaktadır. 1. Lisans Sözleşmesi Lütfen bu belgeyi dikkatle okuyun. Bu belge Yazılım Ürünlerine uygulanacak Magaia ile sizin arapızdaki lisanı sözleşmesinik abul ediyor musunuz?
	🔍 Kabul
	Red
4	▶ Sürüm Notları
× -	▶ Yardım Çık ileri
22	

4.1. Lisans Sözleşmesi

- Before installing Mageia, please read the license terms and conditions carefully.
- These terms and conditions apply to the entire Mageia distribution and must be accepted before you can continue.
- To proceed, simply select Accept and then click on Next

If you decide not to accept these conditions, then we thank you for your interest in Mageia. Clicking Quit will reboot your computer.

4.2. Sürüm Notları

Important information about this particular Mageia release can be viewed by clicking on the Release Notes button.

5. SCSI Kur

2	
Omageia	SABIT DISK ALGILAMASI
KURULUM	Hangi disk/card_reader sürücüsü denensin?
Dil •	3w_9xxx (3ware 9000 Storage Controller Linux Driver)
Lisans 🗸 🧹	3w_sas (LSI 3ware SAS/SATA-RAID Linux Driver)
Bölümlendirme 🔍 🚽	3w_xxxx (3ware Storage Controller Linux Driver)
Kuruluyor 🔍	53c7,8xx
	AM53C974
YAPILANDIRMA	BusLogic
Kullanıcılar 🔍	DAC960
Özet 🍳	NCR53c406a
Güncellemeler 🔍	a100u2w (Initio A100U2W SCSI driver)
Çıkış 🍳	a320raid
0	aacraid (Dell PERC2, 2/Si, 3/Si, 3/Di, Adaptec Advanced Raid Products, HP NetRA
	advansys
	aec62xx (PCI driver module for ARTOP AEC62xx IDE)
	aha152x (Adaptec 152x SCSI driver; \$Revision: 2.7 \$)
	laha15/2
0	Geri

DrakX will normally detect hard disks correctly. However, with some older SCSI controllers it may be unable to determine the correct drivers to use and subsequently fail to recognise the drive.

If your device is not recognised, you will need to manually tell DrakX which SCSI drive(s) you have. DrakX should then be able to configure the drive(s) correctly.

6. Kurulum veya Yükseltme

Ömageia	
	KURAYUKSELI
	Bu bir yükleme mi yoksa yükseltme mi ?
KURULUM	 Mageia (Cauldron) 4 Yükselt
Dil •	🔍 Kurulum
Lisans 🤉 🗸	
Bölümlendirme 🍳	
Kuruluyor	
YAPILANDIRMA	
Kullanıcılar 🔍	
Özet ●	
Güncellemeler	
Çıvığ	
1	
<u> </u>	
A. 9	Yardım ileri
- C.	

• Install

Use this option to perform a fresh installation of Mageia. This will format the root partition (/), but can preserve a pre-existing /home partition (a dedicated /home partition, rather than being incorporated within the root (/) partition itself).

• Upgrade

Use this option to upgrade an existing installation of Mageia.



Only upgrading from a previous Mageia version that was still supported when this Installer's version was released, has been thoroughly tested. If you want to upgrade a Mageia version that has reached its "End Of Life" then it is better to do a "clean" install instead, while preserving your /home partition.



If you have discovered that you forgot to select an additional language, you can return from the Install or Upgrade screen to the language choice screen by pressing **Ctrl+Alt+Home**. Do **NOT** do this later in the install.

7. Klavye

DrakX diliniz için uygun bir klavye seçer. Uygun bir klavye bulunamazsa ön tanımlı olan US klavye düzenini seçecektir.

8	
Qmageia	KLAVYE
	Lütfen klavye düzeninizi seçiniz
	 Türkçe (105 tuş "Q" klavye)
	🔵 Türkçe (geleneksel "F" klavye)
Lisans ● Bölümlendirme ●	▶ Ayrıntı
Kuruluyor •	
Özet 🌙	•
Güncellemeler	
ÇIKIŞ	
1	
- A	
N	▶ Yardım ileri

- Seçimin doğru olduğundan emin olun veya başka klavye düzeni seçin. Klavyenizin hangi düzene sahip olduğunu bilmiyorsanız sisteminiz ile birlikte gelen özelliklere bakın veya bilgisayar satıcınıza sorun. Klavye üzerinde düzenini gösteren bir etiket de bulunabilir. Ayrıca şuraya da bakabilirsiniz: <u>en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Keyboard_layout</u> [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Keyboard_layout]
- If your keyboard isn't in the list shown, click on More to get a fuller list, and select your keyboard there.



After choosing a keyboard from the More dialogue, you'll return to the first keyboard choice dialogue and it will seem as though a keyboard from that screen was chosen. You can safely ignore this and continue the installation: the keyboard chosen from the full list will be applied.

 If you choose a keyboard based on non-Latin characters, you will see an extra dialogue screen asking how you would prefer to switch between the Latin and non-Latin keyboard layouts

8. Partitioning

8.1. Suggested Partitioning

In this screen you can see the content of your hard drive(s) along with the DrakX partitioning proposals for where to install Mageia. The actual options available from those shown below will vary according to the layout and content of your particular hard drive(s).

Ö mageia	BÖLÜMLENDIRME
KURULUM Dil • Lisans • Bölümlendirme Kuruluyor • YAPILANDIRMA Kullanıcılar Özet Güncellemeler Çıkış	Disk sürücünüzün içeriği buradadır Fujitsu MHZ2320B (298GB) SYSTEM_DRV Windows7_OS FXIZ7874 XFS GOSTākas GOS Windows Diğer DrakX Bölümlendirme sihirbazı şu çözümleri buldu: Boş alan kullanılsın SYSTEM_DRV Windows7_OS Mevcut disk bölümü kullanılsın Microsoft Windows © bölümündeki boş alan kullanılsın Microsoft Windows7_OS Windows (73GB) Mageia (24GB) Tüm diski sil ve kullan
	Özel Disk Bölümlendirme

Main Options

• Use Existing Partitions

Bu seçenek erişilebilir durumdaysa Linux uyumlu önceden mevcut olan disk bölümleri bulunmuştur ve yükleme için kullanılabilir.

• Use Free Space

Sabit diskinizde kullanılmayan boş alan varsa, yeni Mageia kurulumunuz için bu seçenek o alanı kullanacaktır.

• Use Free Space on a Windows Partition

If you have unused space on an existing Windows partition, the installer may offer to use it. This can be a useful way of making room for your new Mageia installation, but is a risky operation so you should make sure you have backed up all important files!

With this option, the installer displays the remaining Windows partition in light blue and the proposed Mageia partition in dark blue with their intended sizes just underneath. You have the option to modify these sizes by clicking and dragging the gap between both partitions. See the following screenshot:

Erase and use Entire Disk

This option will allocate the entire drive for Mageia



This will erase ALL data on the selected hard drive. Take care! If you intend to use part of the disk for something else, or you already have data on the drive that you are not prepared to lose, then do not use this option.



Bu işlemin Windows bölümünün boyutunu azaltacağını unutmayın. Disk bölümü "temiz" olmalıdır; yani son kullanımında Windows düzgün şekilde kapatılmış olmalıdır. Bölümdeki tüm dosyaların kullanılacak alanın dışına taşındığına dair garanti sunmazsa da ayrıca mutlaka disk birleştirme yapılmalıdır. Kişisel dosyalarınızı yedeklemeniz önerilir.

Custom Disk Partitioning

Bu seçenek, sistemi sabit disklerinize kurarken size tam denetim sağlar..

If you are not using the Custom disk partitioning option, then the installer will allocate the available space according to the following rules:

- If the total available space is less than 50 GB, then only one partition is created. This will be the / (root) partition.
- If the total available space is greater than 50 GB, then three partitions are created
 - 6/19 of the total available place is allocated to / with a maximum of 50 GB
 - 1/19 is allocated to swap with a maximum of 4 GB
 - the rest (at least 12/19) is allocated to /home

This means that from 160 GB or greater available space, the installer will create three partitions:

- 50 GB for /
- 4 GB for swap
- and the remainder for /home



If you are using a UEFI system, the ESP (EFI System Partition) will be automatically detected - or created if it does not exist yet - and mounted on / boot/EFI. The Custom disk partitioning option is the only one that allows to check it has been correctly done.

If you are using a Legacy (also known as BIOS) system with a GPT partitioned disk, you need to create a BIOS boot partition if it doesn't already exist. It should be about 1 MiB with no mount point. It can be created with the Installer, under Custom disk partitioning, like any other partition. Be sure to select "BIOS boot partition" for filesystem type.

See <u>DiskDrake</u> for information on how to proceed.



Some newer drives are now using 4096 byte logical sectors, instead of the previous standard of 512. Due to lack of available hardware, the partitioning tool used in the installer has not been tested with such a drive.

Some SSD devices now use an erase block size over 1 MB. If you have such a device we suggest that you partition the drive in advance, using an alternative partitioning tool like gparted, and to use the following settings:

- Align to = MiB
- Free space preceding (MiB) = 2

Also make sure all partitions are created using an even number of megabytes.

8.2. Bağlama noktasını seçin

Omageia	BÖLÜMLENDIRME		
	В	ağlama noktalarını seçin	
KURULUM	sda5 (11GB, /, ext4)	1	~
Lisans •	sda7 (4.1GB, /home, ext4)	/home	×
Bölümlendirme 🔍	sda8 (8.1GB, ext4)		~
Kuruluyor •	sda9 (13MB, ext4)		~
YAPILANDIRMA			
Kullanıcılar			
Güncellemeler ●			
Çıkış •			
			►
4			
<u> </u>			
	▶ Yardım		Geri İleri

Here you see the Linux partitions that have been found on your computer. If you don't agree with the DrakX suggestions, you can change the mount points yourself.

- To the left of the drop-down menus is a list of available partitions. For example: sda is a hard drive and 5 is a partition number, followed by the (capacity, mount point, filesystem type) of the partition.
- If you have several partitions, you can choose various different mount points from the drop down menu, such as /, /home and /var. You can even make your own mount

points, for instance /video for a partition where you want to store your films, or perhaps /Data for all your data files.

• For any partitions that you don't need to make use of, you can leave the mount point field blank.



If you make any changes here, ensure you still have a / (root) partition.



If you are not sure what to choose, click Previous to go back and then tick Custom disk partitioning, where you can click on a partition to see its type and size.

If you are sure the mount points are correct, click on Next, and choose whether you only want to format the partition suggested by DrakX, or more.

8.3. Biçimlendirilecek sabit diski onaylayın

BÖLÜMLENDIRME	
sda (37GB, Toshiba MK4026GA) diski üzerindeki TÜM bölümler ve veriler silin	ecektir
▶	
▶ Yardım Geri	ileri
	BÖLÜMLENDIRME sda (37GB, Toshiba MK4026GA) diski üzerindeki TÜM bölümler ve veriler silin

- Click on Previous if you are at all unsure about your choice.
- Click on Next to proceed if you are sure that it is OK to erase **every** partition, **every** operating system and **all data** that might be on that hard disk.

8.4. Custom Disk Partitioning with DiskDrake

8		
Omageia	BÖLÜMLENDIRME	
	Bir bölüme tıklayın, bir dosya sistemi türü seçin ve b	ir eylem seçin
	sda sdb	
KURULUM Dil ●	/media/windows / /home 11GB 11GB 4.1GB	Görüntüle
Lisans •	Exta YES Takas Windows Dičer Bos	Baglama noktası
Kuruluyor	Avrintilar	Sil
YAPILANDIRMA Kullanıcılar Özet	Aygit: sda8 Türü: Journalised FS: ext4 Boyut: 8.1GB (21%)	
Güncellemeler 🔹 Çıkış		
1	Tümünü Temizle	Otomatik bölümle
<u>\$</u>		Uzman kipine geç
N -	▶ Yardım	Ayrıntı Bitti

- Modify the layout of your disk(s) here. You can remove or create partitions, change the filesystem or size of a partition and even view their details before you start.
- There is a tab at the top for every detected hard disk (or other storage device, like a USB key). In the screenshot above there are two available devices: sda and sdb.
- For all other actions: click on the desired partition first. Then view it, or choose a filesystem and a mount point, resize it or wipe it. Expert mode provides more options such as to label (name) a partition, or to choose a partition type.
- Continue until you have adjusted everything to your satisfaction, then click Done when you're ready.

\bigcirc	1.	Take care with the Clear all option, use it only if you are sure you want to wipe all partitions on the selected storage device.
	2.	If you wish to use encryption on your / partition you must ensure that

2. If you wish to use encryption on your / partition you must ensure that you have a separate /boot partition. The encryption option for the /boot partition must NOT be set, otherwise your system will be unbootable.



- If you are installing Mageia on a UEFI system, check that an ESP (EFI System Partition) is present and correctly mounted on /boot/EFI. See Figure 1 below.
- If you are installing Mageia on a Legacy/GPT system, check that a BIOS boot partition is present and of the correct type. See Figure 2 below.

Şekil 1. EFI System Partition

Şekil 2. BIOS boot partition

8.5. Biçimlendirme

A	
Omageia	BIÇIMLENDIRME
	Biçimlendirilecek disk bölümlerini seçin
KURULUM Dil •	✓ sda5 (11GB, /, ext4)
Lisans ● Bölümlendirme ●	sda7 (4.1GB, /home, ext4)
Kuruluyor 🔍	🕑 Gelişmiş
YAPILANDIRMA	
Kullanicilar = Özet =	
Güncellemeler 🔍	
Çıkış 🔍	
1	
\$	
<u> </u>	
SV -	Yardım Geri İleri

Here you can choose which partition(s) you wish to format. Any data on partitions not marked for formatting will be preserved.

Usually, at least the partitions that DrakX selected need to be formatted.

Click on Advanced to choose the partitions you want to check for so-called bad blocks



If you're not sure you have made the right choice, you can click on Previous, again on Previous and then on Custom to get back to the main screen, where you can choose to view details of your partitions.

When you are confident about the selections, click on Next to continue.

9. Software

9.1. Media Selection

9.1.1. Supplemental Installation Media

KURULUM KURULUM Dil • Lisans • Bölümlendirme • Kuruluyor •	PAKET GRUBU SEÇIMI Şu veri kaynağı bulundu ve kurulumda kullanılacak: - Core Release, - Nonfree Release Yapılandırılacak tamamlayıcı bir veri kaynağınız var mı?	
YAPILANDIRMA Kullanıcılar Özet	• Hiçbiri	
Güncellemeler ● Çıkış ●	CD-ROM	
Ę.	Ağ (NFS)	
	Image: A the second	ileri

This screen shows you the list of already recognised repositories. You can add other sources for packages, like an optical-disc or a remote source. The source selection determines which packages will be available during the subsequent steps.

Ağ kaynakları için takip edilecek iki adım vardır:

- 1. Choosing and activating the network, if not already up.
- 2. Selecting a mirror or specifying a URL (very first entry). By selecting a mirror, you have access to the selection of all repositories managed by Mageia, like the Nonfree, the Tainted repositories and the Updates. With the URL, you can designate a specific repository or your own NFS installation.



If you are updating a 64-bit installation which may contain some 32-bit packages, it is advised to use this screen to add an online mirror by selecting one of the Network protocols here. The 64-bit DVD ISO only contains 64-bit and noarch packages, it will not be able to update the 32-bit packages. However, after adding an online mirror, the installer will find the needed 32bit packages there.

9.1.2. Available Media

Ömageia	PAKET GRUBU SEÇIMI
KURULUM Dil • Lisans • Bölümlendirme Kuruluyor YAPILANDIRMA	İsterseniz burada daha fazla ortam etkinleştirebilirsiniz. Makinenizdeki bazı donanımların özgür yazılım sürücülerinin çalışması için, özgür olmayan üretici yazılımına gereksinimi vardır. "Nonfree Release" etkinleştirmelisiniz
Kullanıcılar Özet	Core Release
Güncellemeler Çıkış	 Core Updates Nonfree Release Nonfree Updates
1	Tainted Release
¢	Tainted Updates
	Yardım

Burada mevcut depoların listesi vardır. Kurulum için kullandığınız veri kaynağına göre bütün depolar erişilebilir değildir. Depo seçimi, ilerleyen adımlarda hangi paketleri seçebileceğinizi belirler.

- Core deposu devre dışı bırakılamaz; çünkü dağıtımın temel paketlerini içerir.
- The Nonfree repository includes packages that are free-of-charge, i.e. Mageia may redistribute them, but they contain closed-source software (hence the name Nonfree). For example this repository includes nVidia and AMD graphics card proprietary drivers, firmware for various WiFi cards, etc.
- The Tainted repository includes packages released under a free license. The main criteria for placing packages in this repository is that they may infringe patents and copyright laws in some countries, e.g. multimedia codecs needed to play various audio/video files; packages needed to play commercial video DVD's, etc.

9.2. Masaüstü Seçimi

Some choices made here will open other screens with related options.

After the selection step(s), you will see a slideshow during the installation of required packages. The slideshow can be disabled by pressing the Details button.

Omageia	MASAÜSTÜ SEÇIMI
	İş istasyonu masaüstü profili seçebilirsiniz. Daha büyük ön izlemeler görebilmek için resim üzerine tıklayın
KURULUM Dil • Lisans • Bölümlendirme • Kuruluyor • YAPILANDIRMA Kullanıcılar • Özet • Güncellemeler • Çıkış •	Image: state of the
	► • Yardım

- Choose whether you prefer to use the KDE Plasma or GNOME desktop environment. Both come with a full set of useful applications and tools.
- Select Custom if you do not wish to use either (or, actually use both) of these, or if you want to modify the default software choices for these desktop environments. The LXDE desktop, for instance, is lighter than the previous two, sporting less eye candy and having fewer packages installed by default.

9.3. Paket Grubu Seçimi

8				
() mageia	PAKET GRUBU SEÇIMI			
	✓ İş istasyonu			
	🗸 Ofis iş istasyonu	📃 Oyun Konsolu		
KURULUM	🖌 Çoklu ortam konsolu	🖌 Internet konsolu		
Dil •	📃 Ağ Makinası (client)	🖌 Yapılandırma		
Lisans ● Rölümlendirme	🗸 Konsol Araçları	📃 Geliştirme		
Kuruluyor	Belgeler			
YAPILANDIRMA	> Sunucu			
Kullanıcılar 🔍	🗙 Grafik Ortamı			
Özet 🔍	📄 KDE İşristasyonu	🖌 GNOME İş istasyonu		
	saüstü Ortamı, temel grafik ortan	nla birlikte birleşik araçlar ^{istasyonu}		
3	📄 Cinnamon İş istasyonu	📃 RazorQT Masaüstü		
	📃 Enlightenment e17 Masai	üstü 📃 Diğer Görsel Masaüstleri		
1	Tek tek paket secimi			
	Toplam boyut: 3520 / 10/61 MR			
_ 0				
NI -	▶ Yardım	Tümünü Seçimden Çıkar	lleri	
20				

Packages are arranged into common groups, to make choosing what you need on your system a lot easier. The groups are fairly self explanatory, however more information about the content of each is available in tool-tips which become visible as the mouse is hovered over them.

- İş İstasyonu
- Sunucu
- Grafik Ortam
- Individual Package Selection: you can use this option to manually add or remove packages

See $\underline{\text{Minimal Install}}$ for instructions on how to do a minimal install (without or with X & IceWM).

9.4. En Ufak Kurulum

Minimal Installation is intended for those with specific uses in mind for Mageia, such as a server or a specialised workstation. You will probably use this option combined with the Individual package selection option to fine-tune your installation. See <u>Choose</u> <u>Packages Tree</u>.

• You can choose a Minimal Installation by de-selecting everything in the Package Group Selection screen, see <u>Choose Package Groups</u>.

If desired, you can additionally tick the Individual package selection option in the same screen.

• If you choose this installation method, then the relevant screen (see screenshot below) will offer you a few useful extras to install, such as documentation and "X".

If the With X option is selected, then IceWM (a lightweight desktop environment) will also be included.

The basic documentation is provided in the form of "man" and "info" pages. It contains the man pages from the <u>Linux Documentation Project</u> [http://www.tldp.org/manpages/man.html] and the <u>GNU coreutils</u> [http://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/manual/] info pages.

A		
Omageia	KURULUM TÜRÜ	
	💦 X ile	
	🥑 Önerilen paketleri kur	
	✓ Temel belgeler olsun (önerilir!)	
Lisans ● Bölümlendirme ●	Gerçekten en küçük kurulum (özellikle urpmi yok)	
Kuruluyor •		
YAPILANDIRMA		
Kullanıcılar Özət		
Güncellemeler 🌢		
Çıkış 🔍		
6		
_ è		
N	▶ Yardım	Geri İleri

9.5. Paketleri Tek Tek Seçin

A		
Omageia	YAZILIM YÖNETICISI	
	Kurmak istediğiniz paketleri seçin	
	>- Grafik Ortamı 🛛	٦ô
KURULUM	>-iş istasyonu	
Dil •	-Sunucu	
Lisans •	>-Web/FTP	
Bölümlendirme 🍳	- Posta	
Kuruluyor	– cyrus-imapd	
	mailman 🗖	
Kullanıcılar	postfix 🗌	Ŷ
Özet 🍳	Bilai	
Güncellemeler 🔍	Surum, 2.1.13-4.mga4	
Çıkış •	Boyut: 34007 KB	
	Chem. ohemi	
	Mailman The GNU Mailing List Management System is a mailing list	Ŷ
1	Toplam boyut: 2792 / 10461 MB	
\$	Kendiliğinden secilen naketleri göster	
. An		
	🕑 Yardım 🕎 Geri H	Kur

Here you can add or remove any extra packages to customize your installation.

After having made your choice, you can click on the floppy icon at the bottom of the page to save your choice of packages (saving to a USB key works, too). You can then use this file to install the same packages on another system, by pressing the same button during install and choosing to load it.

10. User Management

Omageia	KULLANICI YÖNETIMI		
	• Yönetici (kök) parolasını ayarla		
	Şifre	•••••	0
KURULUM	Parola (tekrar)	•••••	
Dıl ● Lisans ●	Bir kullanıcı girin		
Bölümlendirme ● Kuruluvor ●	Simge	8	
	Gerçek adı		
Kullanıcılar 🤉	Giriş Adı		~
Özet •	Şifre		
Çıkış 🍨	Parola (tekrar)		
	🕨 Gelişmiş		
1			
N	▶ Yardım		İleri

10.1. Yönetici (kök) Parolasını Ayarlayın:

It is advisable for all Mageia installations to set a superuser (Administrator) password, usually called the root password in Linux. As you type a password into the top box a shield will change from red-to-yellow-to-green depending on the strength of the password. A green shield shows you are using a strong password. You need to repeat the same password in the box underneath, to check that the first entry was not mistyped.



All passwords are case-sensitive. It is best to use a mixture of letters (upper and lower case), numbers and other characters in a password.

10.2. Bir kullanıcı girin

Add a User here. A regular user has fewer privileges than the superuser (root), but enough to use the Internet, office applications or play games and anything else the average user might use a computer for.

• Icon

Click on this button if you want to change the user's icon

Real Name

Insert the user's real name into this text box

• Login Name

Enter the user login name or let DrakX use a version of the user's real name. **The login name is case-sensitive.**

Password

Type in the user password. There is a shield at the end of the text box that indicates the strength of the password. (See also \underline{Not})

Password (again): Retype the user password. DrakX will check that you have not mistyped the password.



Any users added while installing Mageia, will have a home directory that is both read and write protected (umask=0027)

You can add any extra needed users in the Configuration - Summary step during the install. Choose User management.

Erişim izinleri kurulumdan sonra da değiştirilebilir.

10.3. User Management (advanced)

The Advanced option allows you to edit further settings for the user you are adding.

- Shell: This drop-down list allows you to change the shell available to any user you added in the previous screen. Options are Bash, Dash and Sh
- User ID: Here you can set the user ID for any user you added in the previous screen. If you are unsure what the purpose of this is, then leave it blank.
- Group ID: This lets you set the group ID. Again, if unsure, leave it blank.

11. Graphical Configuration

11.1. Ekran Kartı ve Monitör Yapılandırma

2		
Omageia	EKRAN KARTI & MONIT	ÖR YAPILANDIRMASI
	Ekran Kartı	Intel 810 and later
	Monitör	Kişisel
	Çözünürlük	Otomatik
Lisans •		Seçenekler
Bölümlendirme •		
Kuruluyor •		
YAPILANDIRMA		
Kullanicilar ● Özet ○		
Güncellemeler •		•
Çıkış •		
1		
6		
. do		
NL -	🕨 Yardım	ileri
20		

No matter which graphical environment (also known as desktop environment) you chose for this install of Mageia, they are all based on a graphical user interface system called X Window System, or simply "X". So in order for KDE Plasma, GNOME, LXDE or any other graphical environment to work well, the following "X" settings need to be correct.

Choose the appropriate settings manually if you think the details are incorrect, or if none are shown.

• Graphic Card

If you need to, you can select a specific card from this expandable list. See <u>Kısım 11.2,</u> <u>"Bir X Sunucusu Seçme (Ekran Kartını Yapılandırma)"</u>.

Monitor

You can choose Plug 'n Play, if applicable, or choose your monitor from the Vendor or Generic lists. Choose Custom if you prefer to manually set the horizontal and vertical refresh rates of your monitor. See Kisim 11.3, "Monitör Seçimi".

Resolution

The resolution and color depth of your monitor can be set here.

• Test

The test button does not always appear during install. If the option is there, and you test your settings, you should be asked to confirm that your settings are correct. If you answer Yes, the settings will be kept. If you don't see anything, you'll return to the configuration screen and be able to reconfigure everything until the test result is satisfactory. If the test option is not available, then make sure your settings are on the safe side.

• Options

Here you can choose to enable or disable various options.

There is a risk of damaging a monitor if you choose refresh rates that are outside the frequency range of that monitor. This applies to older CRT displays: modern monitors will reject an unsupported frequency and normally enter standby mode.

11.2. Bir X Sunucusu Seçme (Ekran Kartını Yapılandırma)

A.		
Omageia	X SUNUCUSU	
	Bir X sunucusu seçiniz	
KURULUM	×-Vendor	
DII ● Lisans ●	>- 3Dlabs	
Bölümlendirme •	>-ATI	
Kuruluyor •	>-Ark Logic	
- X	>- Chips & Technologies	
YAPILANDIRMA	>- Cirrus Logic	
Kullanicilar • Özet	>-Diamond	
Güncellemeler	>-Digital	
Çıkış 🔍	v-Intel	
	– 740-based cards	
	– 810 and later	
	– Poulsbo US15W (GMA500)	
	Vermilion-based cards	
\$	>- Matrox	
i de la companya de l		
	▶ Yardım Geri İleri	
202		

DrakX; ekran kartlarının karşılaştırmalı veritabanına sahip olup genellikle ekran kartınızı doğru olarak tanımlar.

Kurulum aracı ekran kartınızı doğru olarak algılayamamışsa ve kartınızın hangisi olduğunu biliyorsanız, kartınızı ağaçtan şuna göre seçebilirsiniz:

- Vendor
- then the make of your card

• and the model of card

If you cannot find your card in the vendor lists (because it's not yet in the database or it's an older card) you may find a suitable driver in the Xorg category, which provides more than 40 generic and open source video card drivers. If you still can't find a specific driver for your card there is the option of using the VESA driver which provides basic capabilities.



Be aware that if you select an incompatible driver you may only have access to the Command Line Interface

Some video card manufacturers provide proprietary drivers for Linux which may only be available in the Nonfree repository and in some cases only from the card manufacturers' websites. The Nonfree repository needs to be explicitly enabled to access them. If you didn't enable it previously, you should do this after your first reboot.

11.3. Monitör Seçimi

DrakX monitörlerin karşılaştırmalı veritabanına sahip olup genellikle monitörünüzü doğru olarak tanımlar.



Selecting a monitor with different characteristics could damage your monitor or video hardware. Please don't try something without knowing what you are doing. If in doubt you should consult your monitor documentation.

Omageia	MONITÖR	
	Monitörünüzü seçin	
	-Kişisel	٦ĉ
Lisans •	-Tak ve Kullan	-U
Bölümlendirme •	v-Üretici	
Kuruluyor •	>-Aamazing	
X	>-Acer	
YAPILANDIRMA	Action Systems, Inc.	
Kullanıcılar	Action Monitor CA-1454	
Ozet ■ Günsellemeler ●	- Action Monitor CA-1570	
Cikis	- Action Monitor CH-1999	
Âlvið -	- Action Monitor CK-1566	
	- Action Monitor CK-4148	
	- Action Monitor CK-4158	
	- Action Monitor CL-1566	
6	- Action Monitor CL-1570	\sim
- An		
N	▶ Yardım Geri İler	ri
- 29		

Custom This option allows you to set two critical parameters: the vertical refresh rate and the horizontal sync rate. Vertical refresh determines how often the screen is refreshed and horizontal sync is the rate at which scan lines are displayed.

> Monitörünüzün kapasitesinin ötesinde bir monitör türü ve ekran aralığı belirlememeniz ÇOK ÖNEMLİDİR: monitörünüze zarar verebilirsiniz. Kararsız kalırsanız, ortalama bir ayar seçin ve monitörünüzün kılavuzuna bakın.

Plug'n Play This is the default option and automatically tries to determine the monitor type from the monitor database.

- Vendor Kurulum aracı monitörünüzü doğru olarak algılayamamışsa ve monitörünüzün hangisi olduğunu biliyorsanız, monitörünüzü ağaçtan şuna göre seçebilirsiniz:
- Manufacturer
- Monitor model
- Generic Selecting this group will list nearly 30 display configurations such as 1024x768 @ 60Hz and includes flat-panel displays as used in laptops. This is often a good monitor selection group if you need to use the VESA card driver when your video hardware cannot be determined automatically. Once again it may be wise to be conservative in your selections.

12. Bootloader

12.1. Grub2

Grub2 on Legacy MBR/GPT systems

- GRUB2 (with or without graphical menu) will be used exclusively as the bootloader for a Legacy/MBR or Legacy/GPT system.
- By default, a new bootloader will be written into either the MBR (Master Boot Record) of your first hard drive or in the BIOS boot partition.

Grub2-efi on UEFI systems

- GRUB2-efi will be used exclusively as the bootloader for a UEFI system.
- By default, a new bootloader (Grub2-efi) will be written into the ESP (EFI System Partition).

If there are already UEFI-based operating systems installed on your computer (Windows 8 for example), the Mageia installer will detect the existing ESP created by Windows and add grub2-efi to it. If no ESP exists, then one will be created. Although it is possible to have several ESPs, only one is required, whatever the number of operating systems you have.

12.2. Bootloader Setup

12.2.1. Önyükleyici ana seçenekleri

ന്നറവം		
Ornageia		
	Kullanılacak önyükleyici	Grafik tabanlı GRUB 🗸
KURULUM	Önyükleme Aygıtı	/dev/sda (Toshiba MK4026GA) 🗸
Dii ● Lisans ● Bölümlendirme ●	Ana Seçenekler Öntanımlı görüntünün yüklenmesinden önceki	10
Kuruluyor • YAPILANDIRMA	• Güvenlik	
Kullanıcılar ● Özet ●	parola (tekrar)	
Çıkış	▶ Gelişmiş	
4		
N -	▶ Yardım	Geri ileri

Bootloader to use

This feature is only available to Legacy MBR/BIOS systems. Users of UEFI systems will not see this option here.

Boot device

Don't change this unless you really know what you are doing

• Delay before booting the default image

This text box lets you set a delay, in seconds, before the default operating system is started up.

• Security

This allows you to set a password for the bootloader. This means a username and password will be required when booting in order to select a booting entry or change settings. This is optional, and most people are not likely to have a need for it. The username is root and the password is the one chosen hereafter.

Password

Choose a password for the bootloader (optional)

Password (again)

Retype the password and DrakX will check that it matches with the one set above

Advanced

• Enable ACPI

ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) is a standard for power management. It can save energy by stopping unused devices. Deselecting it could be useful if, for example, your computer does not support ACPI or if you think the ACPI implementation might cause some problems (for instance random reboots or system lockups).

Enable SMP

This option enables/disables symmetric multiprocessing for multi-core processors

Enable APIC

Enabling this gives the operating system access to the Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller. APIC devices permit more complex priority models, and Advanced IRQ (Interrupt Request) management.

Enable Local APIC

Here you can set Local APIC, which manages all external interrupts for a specific processor in an SMP system

12.2.2. Bootloader Configuration

• Default

The operating system to be started up by default.

Append

This option lets you pass information to the kernel or tell the kernel to give you more information as it boots.

• Probe foreign OS

If you already have other operating systems installed, Mageia attempts to add them to your new Mageia boot menu. If you don't want this behaviour, then untick the Probe Foreign OS option.

Advanced

• Video mode

This sets the screen size and colour depth to be used by the boot menu. If you click the down-triangle you will be offered other size and colour depth options.

• Do not touch ESP or MBR

Select this option if you don't want a bootable Mageia, but would rather chain-load it from another OS. You will get a warning that the bootloader is missing. Click Ok if you are sure you understand the implications, and wish to proceed.

12.3. Other Options

12.3.1. Mevcut bir önyükleyiciyi kullanmak

The exact procedure for adding Mageia to an existing bootloader is beyond the scope of this documentation. However in most cases it will involve running the relevant bootloader installation program, which should detect Mageia and automatically add an entry for it in the bootloader menu. See the documentation for the relevant operating system.

12.3.2. Installing Without a Bootloader

While you can opt to install Mageia without a bootloader (see section 2.1 Advanced), this is not recommended unless you absolutely know what you are doing, as without some form of bootloader your operating system will be unable to start.

12.3.3. Önyükleme Menü Girdisi Ekleme veya Değiştirme

To do this you need to manually edit /boot/grub2/custom.cfg or use the software **grub-customizer** tool instead (available in the Mageia repositories).



For more information, see: https://wiki.mageia.org/en/Grub2-efi_and_Mageia

13. Configuration Summary

DrakX presents a proposal for the configuration of your system depending on the choices you made and on the hardware detected. You can check the settings here and change them if you want by pressing Configure.



As a general rule, it is recommended that you accept the default settings unless:

• öntanımlı bir ayarla ilgili bilinen sorunları olması

- öntanımlı ayar önceden denenmiş ve başarısız olması
- some other factor mentioned in the detailed sections below is an issue

13.1. Sistem parametreleri

Timezone

DrakX selects a timezone for you, depending on your preferred language. You can change it if needed. See also <u>Configure Timezone</u>

Country / Region

If the selected country is wrong, it is very important that you correct the setting. See <u>Select Country</u>

Bootloader

DrakX proposal for the bootloader setting

Do not change anything, unless you know how to configure GRUB2. For more information, see <u>Bootloader</u>

User management

You can add extra users here. They will each be allocated their own /home directories.

Services

System services refer to those small programs which run in the background (daemons). This tool allows you to enable or disable certain processes.

You should check carefully before changing anything here - a mistake may prevent your computer from operating correctly. For more information, see <u>Configure Services</u>

13.2. Donanım parametreleri

• Keyboard

Configure your keyboard layout according to your location, language and type of keyboard.



Yanlış klavye düzeni ile karşılaştınız ve değiştirmek istiyorsanız parolanızın da değişeceğini unutmayın.

Mouse

Burada diğer işaretleme araçlarını, tabletleri, iztoplarını v.b. ayarlayabilirsiniz.

• Sound card

The installer will use the default driver if one is available.

If there is no actual default driver for your sound card, there may be other possible alternative drivers available to choose from. If this is the case, but you think the installer has not made the most appropriate choice, you can click on Advanced to manually specify a driver.

Graphical interface

This section allows you to configure your graphics card(s) and displays. For more information, see Kisim 11.1, "Ekran Karti ve Monitör Yapılandırma"

A			
Omageia	ÖZET		
KURULUM	• Donanim Klavye - Türkçe (105 tuş "Q" klavye) Fare - Evrensel Herhangi PS/2 & USB fare	Yapılandır Yapılandır	
Dil ● Lisans ● Bölümlendirme ●	Ses Kartı - Intel 82801AA,82901AB,i810,i820,i830,i840,i845,MX440; SiS 7012; Ali 5455	Yapılandır	
Kuruluyor •	Grafiksel arabirim - Otomatik	Yapılandır	Π
YAPILANDIRMA Kullanıcılar ●	• Ağ & İnternet		
Özet	Ağ - ethernet	Yapılandır	
Guncellemeler 🗸	Vekil Sunucular - yapılandırılmamış	Yapılandır	
	• Güvenlik		
1	Güvenlik Seviyesi - Standart	Yapılandır	
\$	Güvenlik Duvarı - etkinleştirilmiş	Yapılandır	
×	▶ Yardım	i	İleri

13.3. Ağ ve İnternet parametreleri

Network

You can configure your network here, but for network cards with non-free drivers it is better to do that after reboot, using the Mageia Control Center, if you have not yet enabled the Nonfree media repositories.



When you add a network card, do not forget to set your firewall to monitor that interface as well.

Proxies

A Proxy Server acts as an intermediary between your computer and the wider Internet. This section allows you to configure your computer to utilize a proxy service.

You may need to consult your systems administrator to obtain the parameters you need to enter here.

13.4. Güvenlik

• Security Level

The Security level for your computer, in most cases the default setting (Standard) is adequate for general use. Select the option which best suits your usage.

• Firewall

The firewall allows you to manage which network connections are allowed on your computer. The safe and secure default is to allow ZERO inbound connections. This does not stop you connecting outbound and using your computer normally.

Please be aware that the Internet is a high risk network where there are continuous attempts to probe and attack systems. Even seemingly "safe" connections such as ICMP (for ping) have been used as covert data channels for exfiltrating data by malicious persons.

For more information, see Firewall.



Bear in mind that allowing everything (no firewall) may be very risky.

14. Locale

14.1. Zaman Dilimini Yapılandırma

Ornageia	
	Bulunduğunuz zaman dilimi hangisi?
KURULUM	
Dil •	Copenhagen
Lisans ●	– Dublin
Bolumlendirme •	– Gibraltar
Kuruluyor •	- Guernsey
YAPILANDIRMA	– Helsinki
Kullanıcılar 🔍	– Isle_of_Man
Özet ⊃	– Istanbul
Güncellemeler 🔍	- Jersey
Çıkış	— Kaliningrad
	- Kiev
	– Lisbon
	– Ljubljana
6	- London
Σ.	V Luxombourg
NL -	Geri
1	

• Choose your timezone by choosing your country, or a city close to you in the same timezone.

In the next screen you can choose to set your hardware clock to local time or to GMT, also known as UTC.



Bilgisayarınızda birden fazla işletim sistemi bulunuyorsa, tümünün yerel zamana veya tümünün UTC/GMT zamanına ayarlı olduğundan emin olun.

14.2. Ülke/Bölge seçin

Å			
Ornageia	ÚLKE / BÓLGE		
		Lütfen ülkenizi seçiniz	
KURULUM Dil •			
Lisans ● Bölümlendirme ●	• Türkiye		R.
Kuruluyor •	▶ Diğer Ülkeler		
YAPILANDIRMA Kullanıcılar •			
Özet > Güncellemeler >			
Çıkış •			
1			
4			
	▶ Yardım		Geri İleri

- Select your country or region. This is important for all kinds of settings, like the currency and wireless regulatory domain. Setting the wrong country can lead to being unable to use a Wireless network.
- If your country isn't in the list, click the Other Countries option and choose your country / region there.



If your country is only in the Other Countries list, after clicking OK it may seem that a country from the main list was chosen. Despite this, DrakX will actually apply your choice.

14.2.1. Girdi yöntemi:

In the Other Countries screen you can also select an input method (at the bottom of the list). Input methods allow users to input multilingual characters (Chinese, Japanese, Korean, etc). IBus is the default input method, so users should not need to configure it manually. Other input methods (SCIM, GCIN, HIME, etc) also provide similar functions and can be installed if you added HTTP/FTP media before package selection.



If you missed the input method setup during installation, you can access it post-install via Configure your Computer \rightarrow System, or by running **localed-rake** as root.

15. Hizmetleri Yapılandırma

2				
Omageia	HIZMETLER			
	Açılış sırasında otomatik o	olarak başlatılacak hizmetleri se	eçiniz	
	>-Diğer			
KURULUM	>-Sistem	\checkmark		
Dil •	>-internet	\checkmark		
Lisans •	∽-Ağ	\checkmark		
Bolumlendirme •	- network	\checkmark		
Kuruluyor •	- network-auth			
YAPILANDIRMA	- network-up	\checkmark		
Kullanıcılar •	resolvconf k			
Özet ○				
Güncellemeler 🍳				
Çıkış •		Bilgi		
	SunucuAdı bilgi yöneticis	i		
1				
6				
<u> </u>		13 / 21 etkinleştirildi		
1. Y	Nordura		Cori	ilari
			Gen	lien

Here you can choose which services should start when you boot your system.

- Click on a triangle to expand a group to all the relevant services. The settings DrakX chose are usually good.
- Bir hizmeti vurgularsanız, o hizmet hakkındaki bilgi alttaki kutuda görüntülenir.

Ne yaptığınızı çok ama çok iyi bir şekilde biliyorsanız burada bir şeyleri değiştirin.

16. Fare seçin

*	
Omageia	FARE SEÇIMI
	Lütfen kullandığınız farenin türünü seçin.
KURULUM	
Dil •	✓-Evrensel
Lisans ● Bölümlendirme ●	evdev zorla
Kuruluyor •	>-PS/2
	>-USB
YAPILANDIRMA Kullanıcılar •	> bus fare
Özet 🤉	>-seri
Güncellemeler 🔍	
Çıkış	· · · · ·
1	
4	
- An	
	🕨 Yardım Geri İleri

Farenizin cevap verme şeklinden mutlu değilseniz, farklı bir tanesini burada seçebilirsiniz.

Usually, Universal \rightarrow Any PS/2 and USB mice is a good choice.

Select Universal \rightarrow Force evdev to configure the buttons that do not work on a mouse with six or more buttons.

17. Ses Yapılandırması

Ömageia	SES YAPILANDIRMASI
KURULUM Dil • Lisans • Bölümlendirme • Kuruluyor • YAPILANDIRMA Kullanıcılar •	Intel Corporation 82801DB/DBL/DBM (ICH4/ICH4-L/ICH4-M) AC'97 Audio Controller Ses kartınız şu anda ALSA "snd_intel8x0" sürücüsünü kullanıyor (ses kartınız için ön tanımlısı "snd_intel8x0" sürücüsüdür)
Özet 🍳	🖉 PulseAudio' yu etkinleştir
Güncellemeler ◎ Çıkış ◎	🕑 Kusursuz kipi kullan
Į.	🗈 Gelişmiş
N	▶ Yardım Geri İleri

This screen shows the details of the sound card driver chosen for you by the installer, and this driver should work without problems.

However, if you encounter any issues post-install, then run **draksound** or start this tool via Mageia Control Center \rightarrow Hardware \rightarrow Sound Configuration. Then, in the draksound or Sound Configuration screen, click on Troubleshooting to find useful advice about how to solve the problem.

17.1. Gelişmiş

If there is no actual default driver for your sound card, there may be other possible alternative drivers available to choose from. If this is the case, but you think the installer has not made the most appropriate choice, you can click on Advanced to manually specify a driver.

18. Güvenlik Seviyesi



Please choose the desired security level

Standard is the default, and recommended setting for the average user.

Secure will create a highly protected system - for instance if the system is to be used as a public server.

Security Administrator

This item allows you to configure an email address to which the system will send security alert messages when it detects situations which require notification to a system administrator.

A good, and easy-to-implement, choice is to enter <user>@localhost - where <user> is the login name of the user to receive these messages.



The system sends such messages as **Unix Mailspool messages**, not as "ordinary" SMTP mail: this user must therefore be configured for receiving such mail!

It will always be possible to adjust your security settings post-install in the Security section of the Mageia Control Center.

19. Güvenlik duvarı

This section allows you to configure some simple firewall rules: they determine which type of message from the Internet will be accepted by the target system. This, in turn, allows the corresponding services on the system to be accessible from the Internet.

In the default setting (no button is checked), no service of the system is accessible from the network. The Everything (no firewall) option enables access to all services of the machine - an option that does not make much sense in the context of the installer since it would create a totally unprotected system. Its veritable use is in the context of the Mageia Control Center (which uses the same GUI layout) for temporarily disabling the entire set of firewall rules for testing and debugging purposes.

All other options are more or less self-explanatory. As an example, you will enable the CUPS server if you want printers on your machine to be accessible from the network.

Gelişmiş

The Advanced option opens a window where you can enable a series of services by typing a list of "couples" (blank separated)

<port-numarasır>/<protokol>

- <port-numarası>, RFC-433'de tanımlandığı gibi etkinleştirmek istediğiniz hizmete ilişkin port değeridir (mesela RSYNC hizmeti için 873);

- <protocol>, TCP veya UDP - hizmet tarafından kullanılan internet protokolüdür.

Mesela, RSYNC hizmetine erişimi etkinleştirmek için girilecek değer 873/tcp olur.

Hizmetin her iki protokolü de kullandığı durumlarda, aynı port için iki ayrı girdi oluşturmanız gerekir.

20. Güncellemeler

Ö mageia	GÜNCELLEMELER
KURULUM Dil • Lisans • Bölümlendirme • Kuruluyor • YAPILANDIRMA Kullanıcılar •	Şu anda güncellenmiş paketleri indirme fırsatınız var. Bu paketler dağıtımın çıkış tarihinden sonra çıkan güncellemeleri içermektedir. Bu güncellemeler önemli hata düzeltmeleri ve güvenlik çözümleri içeriyor olabilir. [Güncelleme indirmenizi tavsiye ediyoruz] Bahsi geçen güncellemeleri indirebilmek için çalışan bir internet bağlantısına ihtiyacınız var. Güncellemeleri kurmak istiyor musunuz ?
Özet ● Güncellemeler	• Evet
Çıkış	⊖ Hayır
	₩
	▶ Yardım ileri

Since this version of Mageia was released, some packages will have been updated or improved.

- Select Yes if you wish to download and install them
- Select No if you don't want to do this now, or if you aren't connected to the Internet
- Press Next to continue

21. Tebrikler



You have finished installing and configuring Mageia and it is now safe to remove the installation medium and reboot your computer.

After rebooting, you can use the bootloader screen to choose which operating system to start (if there are more than one on your computer).

Önyükleyici ayarlarını yapmadıysanız, Mageia kurulumunuz kendiliğinden seçilecek ve başlatılacaktır.

Tadını çıkarın!

Visit <u>www.mageia.org/en/</u> [http://www.mageia.org/en/] if you have any questions or want to contribute to Mageia

22. Mageia' yı Kaldırma

If Mageia didn't convince you or you can't install it correctly - in short you want get rid of it - that is your right and Mageia also gives you the possibility to uninstall. This is not true for every operating system.

After backing up your data, reboot your Mageia installation DVD and select Rescue system, then Restore Windows boot loader. At the next boot, you will only have Windows, with no option to choose your Mageia operating system.

In Windows, to recover the space used by Mageia partitions: click on Start \rightarrow Control Panel \rightarrow Administrative Tools \rightarrow Computer Management \rightarrow Storage \rightarrow Disk Management.

You will recognise a Mageia partition because they are labeled Unknown, and also by their size and place on the disk. Right-click on each of these partitions and select Delete to free up the space.

If you are using Windows XP, you can create a new partition and format it (FAT32 or NTFS). It will then get a partition letter.

If you have Vista or 7, you have one more possibility, you can extend the existing partition that is at the left of the freed space. There are other partitioning tools that can be used, such as **gparted**, available for both Windows and Linux. As always, when changing partitions, be very careful to back up anything important to you.